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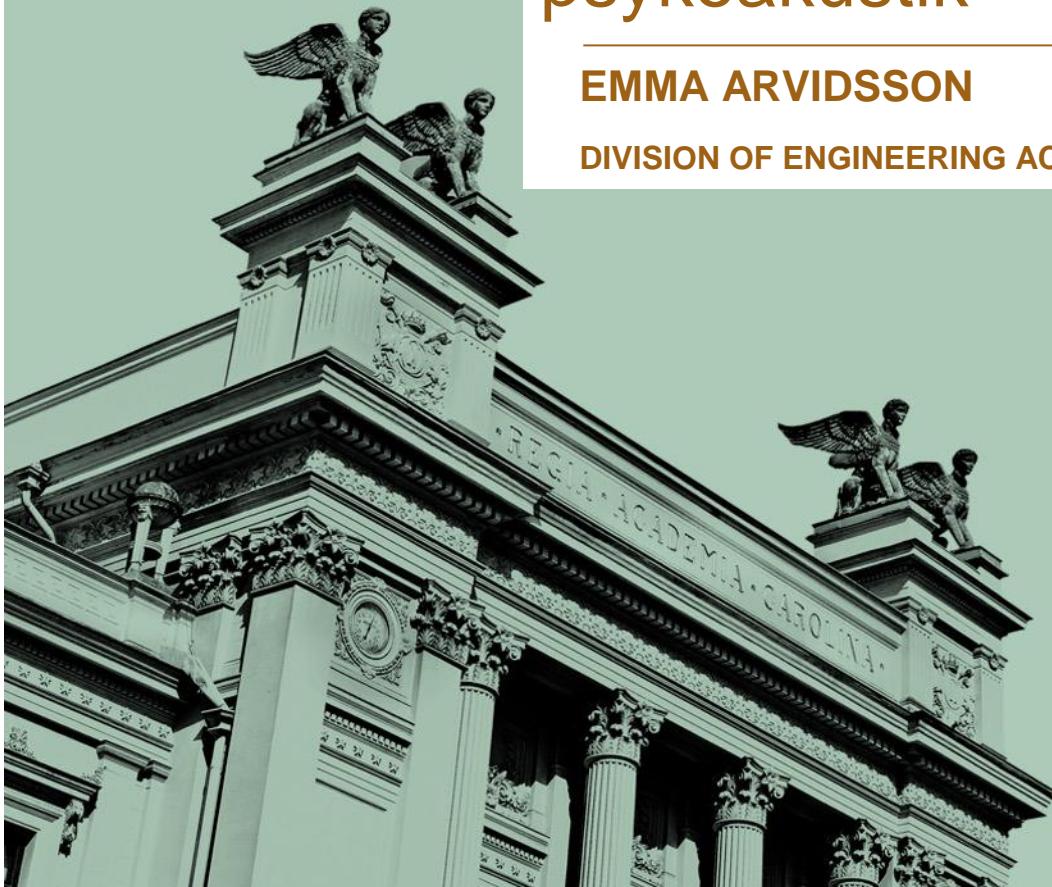
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# Ljud i byggnad och samhälle - psykoakustik

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DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ACOUSTICS, LUND UNIVERSITY



# Agenda

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- Psykoakustik som begrepp
- Hörseln
- Mått för att beskriva upplevelsen av ljud
- Exempel



# Psykoakustik – subjektiv upplevelse

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- Hörsel
  - Ålder
  - Funktion
- Preferenser
- Situation
- Subjektivt - objektivt



# Psykoakustik – subjektiv upplevelse

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- **Hörsel**
  - Ålder
  - Funktion
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# Hörselorganet

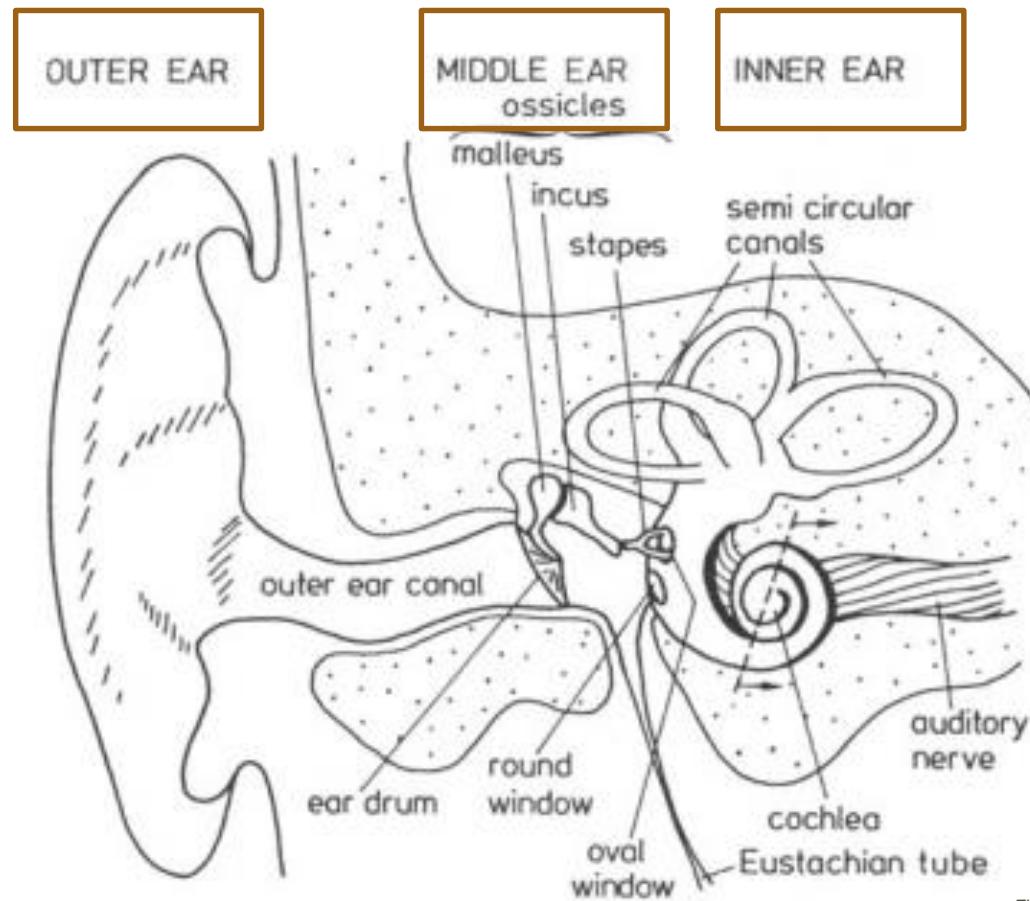
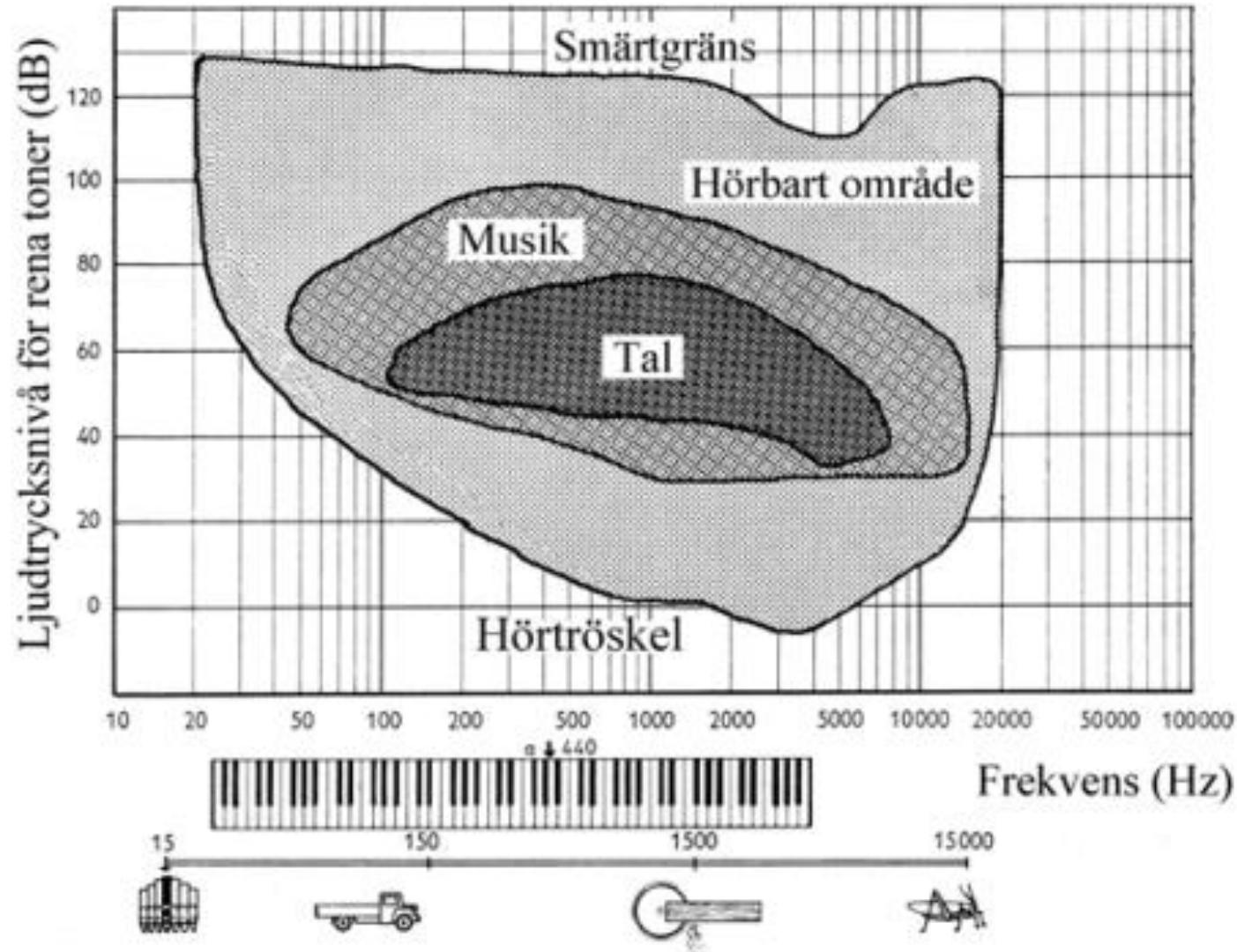
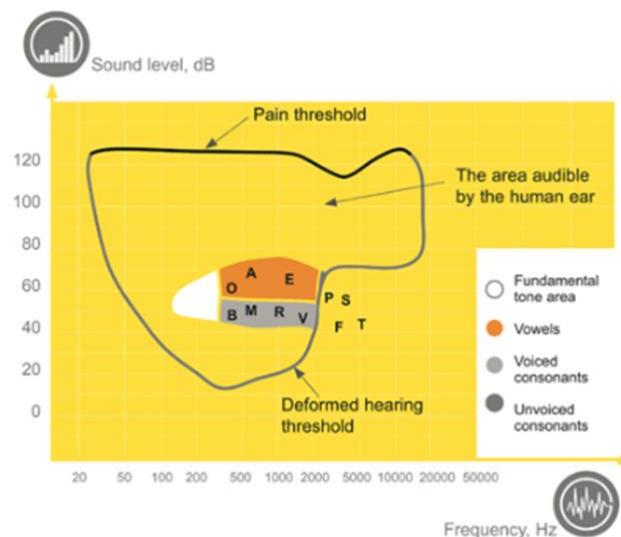
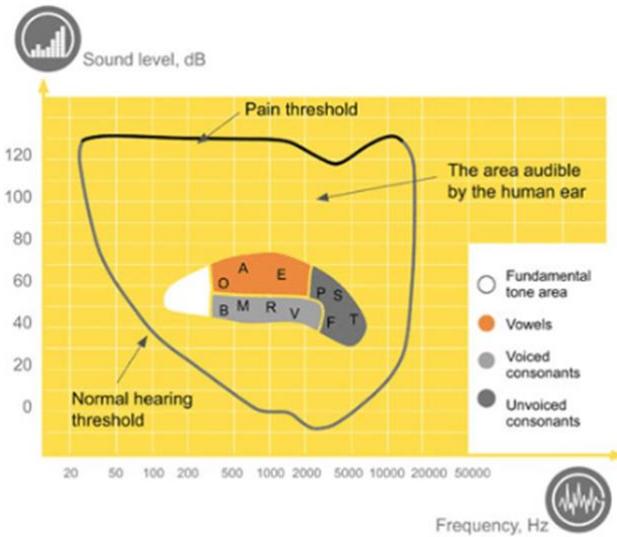


Fig. Psychoacoustics, Fastl and Zwicker, 2007





# Hörselnedsättning



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Psykoakustik



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# Psykoakustik – subjektiv upplevelse

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- Hörsel
  - Ålder
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# Akustikens påverkan



Concentration  
Productivity



Faster recovery



Learning,  
higher grades



Recover?



Good room acoustics



Pleasure



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# Buller

Buller: öönskat ljud

- Personlighet
- Känslighet
- Aktivitet/uppgift
- Miljö
- Förväntningar
- etc



# Buller och dess påverkan på männsikor

- Cardiological
  - Increased blood pressure
  - Increased heartrate
- Hearing impairments
  - Hearing losses
  - Tinnitus
  - Audio fatigue
- Voice problems
  - Phonation
  - Voice quality and endurance
- Well being
  - Energy losses
  - Stress
  - Concentration, observe correct information and perform tasks
  - Sleeping disturbance
  - Social interaction



# Psykoakustik – subjektiv upplevelse

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- Hörsel
  - Ålder
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- Preferenser
- Situation
- **Subjektivt - objektivt**

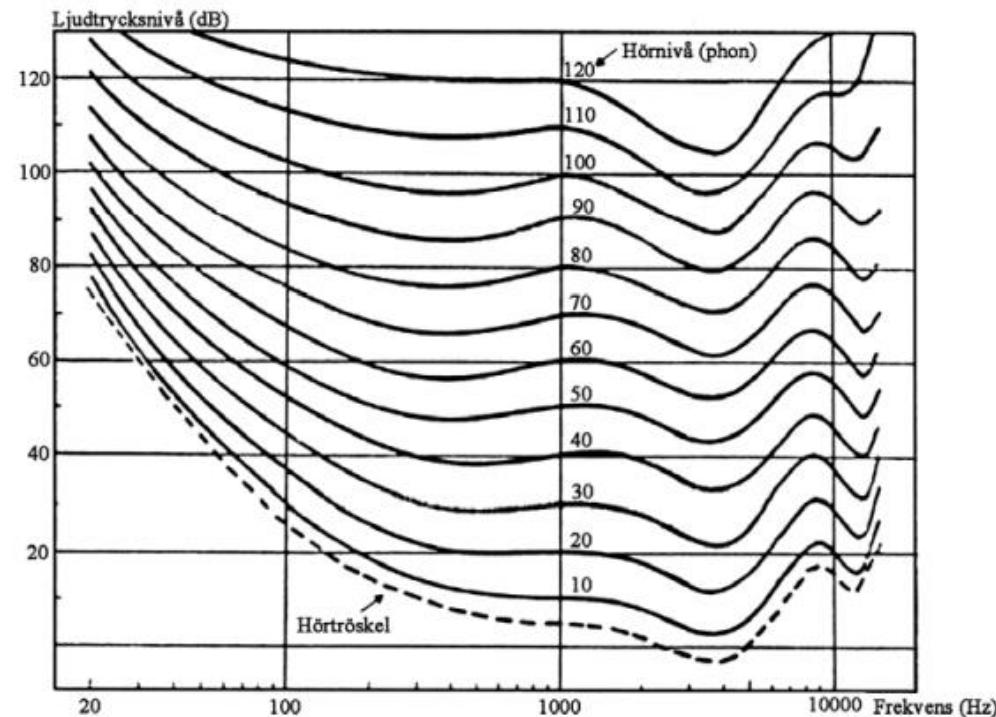


# Perception of sound

## Loudness

### Loudness

- Upplevd ljudstyrka
- Jämför upplevelsen vid olika frekvenser



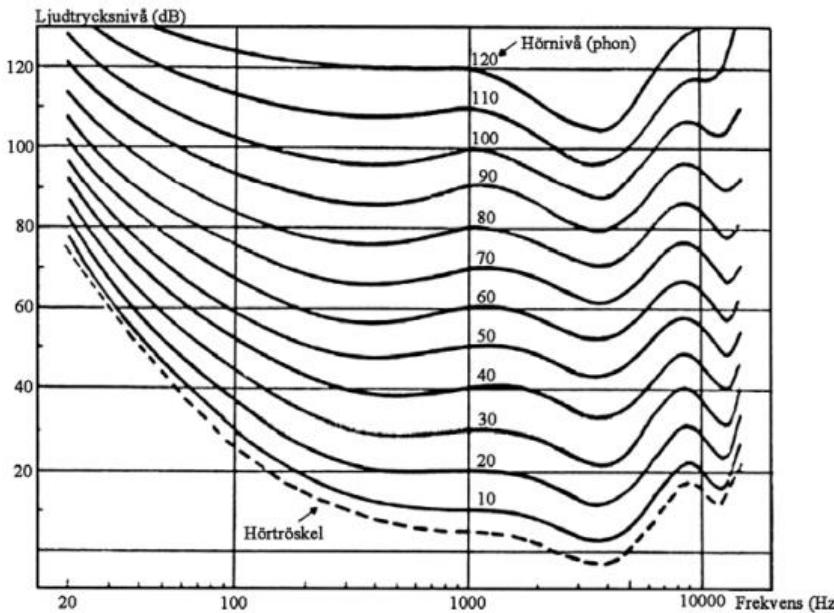
# Perception of sound

## Loudness

### Exempel

Tal vid 1000 Hz, ljudtrycksnivå 60 dB

Tal vid 50 Hz, ljudtrycksnivå 80 dB



# Vägd ljudtrycksnivå

| Frekvens<br>[Hz] | A-filter<br>[dB] | B-filter<br>[dB] | C-filter<br>[dB] |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10               | -70.4            | -38.2            | -14.3            |
| 12.5             | -63.4            | -33.2            | -11.2            |
| 16               | -56.7            | -28.5            | -8.5             |
| 20               | -50.5            | -24.2            | -6.2             |
| 25               | -44.7            | -20.4            | -4.4             |
| 31.5             | -39.4            | -17.1            | -3.0             |
| 40               | -34.6            | -14.2            | -2.0             |
| 50               | -30.2            | -11.6            | -1.3             |
| 63               | <b>-26.2</b>     | -9.3             | -0.8             |
| 80               | -22.5            | -7.4             | -0.5             |
| 100              | -19.1            | -5.6             | -0.3             |
| 125              | <b>-16.1</b>     | -4.2             | -0.2             |
| 160              | -13.4            | -3.0             | -0.1             |
| 200              | -10.9            | -2.0             | 0                |
| 250              | <b>-8.6</b>      | -1.3             | 0                |
| 315              | -6.6             | -0.8             | 0                |
| 400              | -4.8             | -0.5             | 0                |
| 500              | <b>-3.2</b>      | -0.3             | 0                |
| 630              | -1.9             | -0.1             | 0                |
| 800              | -0.8             | 0                | 0                |
| 1000             | <b>0</b>         | 0                | 0                |
| 1250             | 0.6              | 0                | 0                |
| 1600             | 1.0              | 0                | -0.1             |
| 2000             | <b>1.2</b>       | -0.1             | -0.2             |
| 2500             | 1.3              | -0.2             | -0.3             |
| 3150             | 1.2              | -0.4             | -0.5             |
| 4000             | <b>1.0</b>       | -0.7             | -0.8             |
| 5000             | 0.5              | -1.2             | -1.3             |
| 6300             | -0.1             | -1.9             | -2.0             |
| 8000             | -1.1             | -2.9             | -3.0             |
| 10000            | -2.5             | -4.3             | -4.4             |
| 12500            | -4.3             | -6.1             | -6.2             |
| 16000            | -6.6             | -8.4             | -8.5             |
| 20000            | -9.3             | -11.1            | -11.2            |

$$L_{\text{vägt}} = 10 \log \left( \sum 10^{(L_n + \text{vägning})/10} \right)$$

## Exempel

Beräkna den A-vägda ljudtrycksnivån,  $L_A$ , ur givna oktavbandsnivåer.

| $f$ [Hz]   | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 |
|------------|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| $L_n$ [dB] | 85 | 87  | 92  | 85  | 77   | 70   | 65   |

Lösning: A-vägningen ges ur Tabell 9.



| $\Delta A_n$ [dB]       | -26.2 | -16.1 | -8.6 | -3.2 | 0  | +1.2 | +1.0 |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|----|------|------|
| $L_n + \Delta A_n$ [dB] | 58.8  | 70.9  | 83.4 | 81.8 | 77 | 71.2 | 66   |

$$L_A = 10 \log (10^{5.88} + 10^{7.09} + 10^{8.34} + 10^{8.18} + 10^{7.7} + 10^{7.12} + 10^{6.6}) \approx 87 \text{ dB(A)}$$



# Ekvivalent ljudtrycksnivå

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- Den konstant ljudnivå med samma totala ljudenergi
- Används ofta för riktlinjer kring ljudnivåer

$$L_{eq,T} = 10 \log \left( \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T \frac{p^2(t)}{p_{ref}^2} dt \right) = 10 \log \left( \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T 10^{L_p(t)/10} dt \right)$$

## Exempel

*Ett kortvarigt starkt ljud bidrar kraftigt till den ekvivalenta ljudnivån. Vad motsvarar en konstant ljudnivå på 100 dB(A) i 15 min i ekvivalent ljudnivå under 8 timmar?*

$$\text{Lösning: } L_{eq,T} = 10 \log \left( \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T 10^{L_p(t)/10} dt \right) = 10 \log \left( \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{15} 10^{100/10} dh \right) = 85 \text{ dB(A)}$$



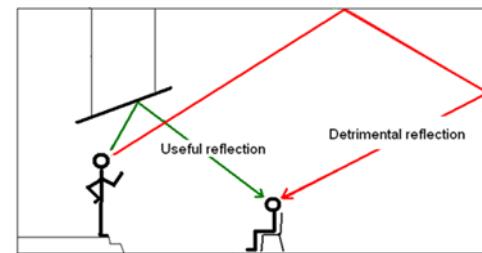
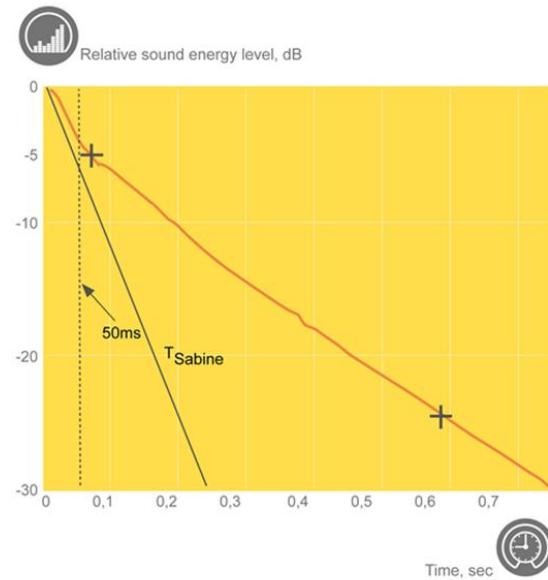
# Rums akustiska parametrar

- Reverberation time  $T_{20}$  (s) (ISO 3382-2)
- Speech clarity  $C_{50}$  (dB) (ISO 3382-1)
- Sound strength  $G$  (dB) (ISO 3382-1)
- Spatial decay  $D_{2S}$  (dB),  $L_{pA4m}$  (dB),  $r_d$  (m) (ISO 3382-3)

$$C_{50} = \frac{\int_0^{50ms} h^2(t)dt}{\int_{50ms}^{\infty} h^2(t)dt}$$
$$G = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} h^2(t)dt}{\int_{0ms}^{t_{dir}} h_{10m}^2(t)dt}$$

$h(t)$  is the impulse response

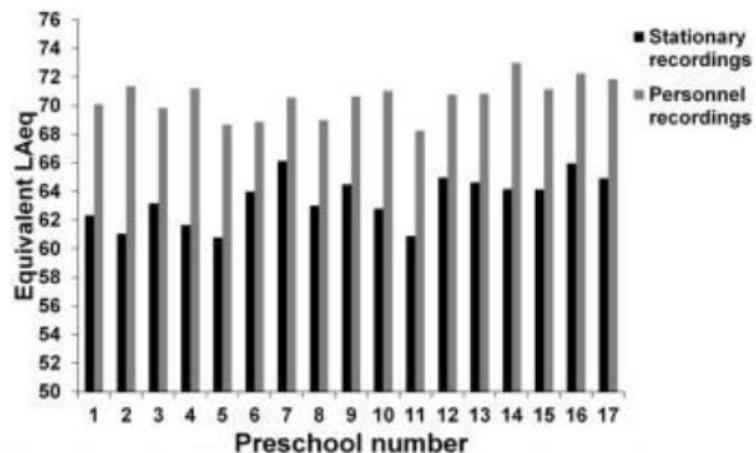
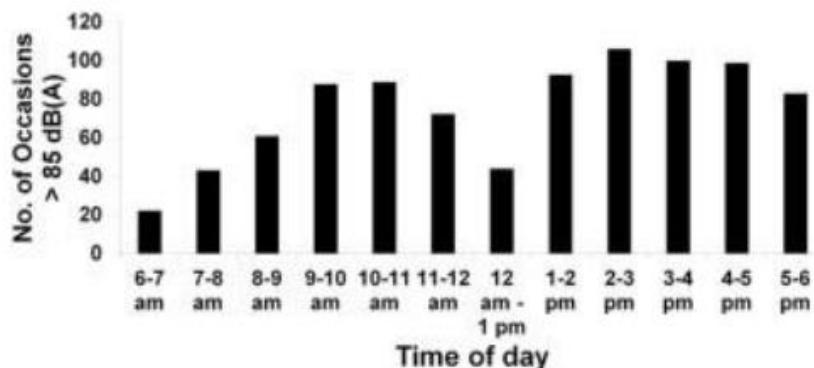
$h_{10m}$  is the impulse response at 10 meter in a free field.



# Exempel

## Förskola

- Most noisy environment
- Children exposed to higher levels
- Children's auditory system more sensitive
- Several activities ongoing – several different sound sources
- Learning speech, communication and socialize



# Exempel

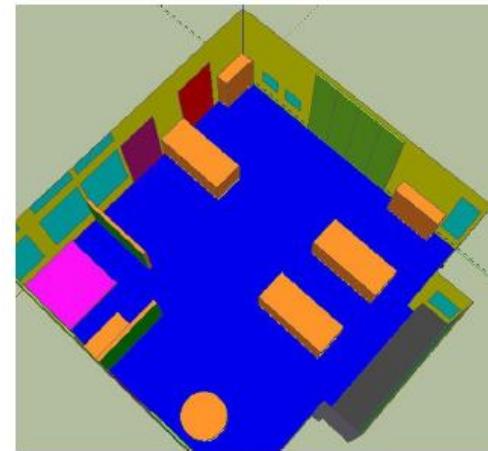
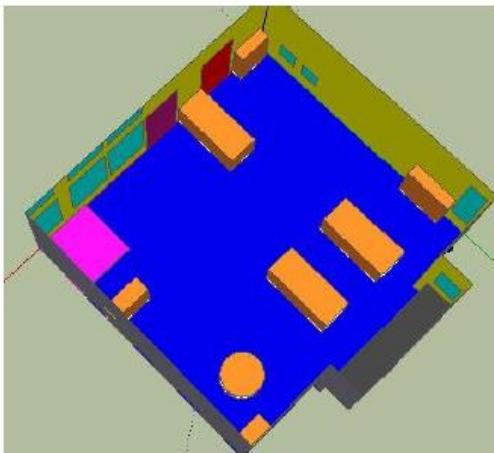
## Förskola

### Akustiska åtgärder

- Skärma av, rum i rummet
- Absorption, tak väggar
- Mattor

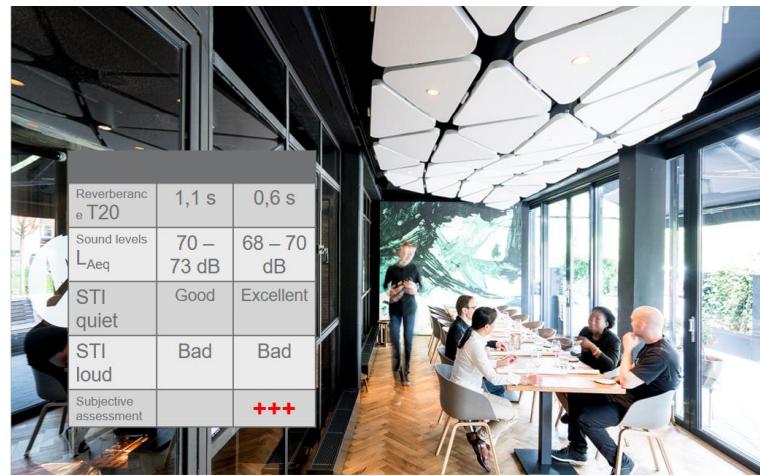
### Möjlig förbättring

- Avgränsar ljudkällor, men överblick
- Minska efterklangstid, öka taltydligheten
- Sänka ljudnivå, sänka sound strength



# Examples

## Restaurang Zarzo, Eindhoven



**Ecophon**  
SAINT-GOBAIN  
A SOUND EFFECT ON PEOPLE



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Thank you for your attention!



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# Ljud i byggnad och samhälle (VTAF01)

## Final lecture

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# Course is finished, what's next? ☺

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- Basic acoustics
  - SDOF, resonance, wave equation, modes in structures and rooms, transmission/reflection of waves between media, coincidence, musical acoustics.
- Traffic noise / External noise
  - SPL, SWL, SIL. Propagation of sound waves from sources.
- Building acoustics
  - Requirements (SS 25267, BBR, SS 25268) – Rw, Lnw, T20, Lp
  - Väggar – enkelvägg, dubbelvägg, flankerande transmission
- Measurement techniques (Juan)
- Room acoustics (Erling)
  - Sabine, different types of absorbers, different measures for room acoustics (T20, C50, G, STI).
- Hearing system and psychoacoustics (Emma)
- Acoustics in practice (Emma, Mathias)
  - Industry, consultancy, research, public and private employers

Thank you for your attention!

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